(8M)

## II B. Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, May/June - 2016 SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS

(Com. to ECE, EIE, ECC)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)

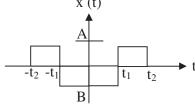
- 2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A
- 3. Answer any **THREE** Questions from **Part-B**

## PART -A

- 1. a) Obtain the trigonometric Fourier series for the signal  $x(t) = \sin 2t + \cos^3 t$  (5M)
  - b) State and prove time scaling property of Fourier transform. (4M)
  - c) Compare Laplace, Fourier and Z transforms. (4M)
  - d) Define signal bandwidth. (3M)
  - e) Write the time scaling property of Laplace transform. (3M)
  - f) Define cross correlation function. (3M)

## PART-B

- 2. a) Derive the expression for the mean square error obtained when a signal x(t) is approximated by a set of orthogonal functions. (10M)
  - b) Obtain the complex exponential Fourier series for periodic impulse train with period T. (6M)
- 3. a) Find the Fourier transform of the signal shown below, where A=1, B=-1,  $t_1$ =1,  $t_2$ =2.  $t_1$ =1,  $t_2$ =1,  $t_3$ =1,  $t_4$ =



- b) Define Hilbert transform of a signal and obtain the transfer function of a Hilbert transformer. (6M)
- 4. a) Discuss different kinds of distortion and also the conditions for distortion less transmission. (10M)
  - b) Are the systems represented by the following equations LTI system or not? (6M) i) y(t) = 3x(t) + 4x(t-1) + x(t/2) ii) y(t) = x(t-1) + 3x(t) + tx(t)
- 5. a) Graphically convolve the signals  $x(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } 0 \le t \le 2 \\ 0 & \text{else where} \end{cases}$  and  $y(t) = e^{-2t}u(t)$ . (10M)
  - b) State the properties of autocorrelation function. (6M)
- 6. a) Find the Laplace Transform of following signal and its ROC  $x(t) = e^{-2t} [u(t) u(t-2)]$  (8M)
  - b) Obtain the Laplace transform of  $x(t) = e^{-at} \sin(\omega_0 t) u(-t)$  and indicate its ROC (8M)
- 7. a) Find the Inverse Z transform of  $X(z) = \frac{z + 0.3}{z^2 + 0.8z + 0.16} |Z| > 0.4$  (8M)
  - b) Find the Z Transform of  $x[n] = 3\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n] 2(3)^n u[-n-1]$