

II B. Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, May/June - 2016
PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS
 (Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

- Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (**Part-A** and **Part-B**)
 2. Answer **ALL** the question in **Part-A**
 3. Answer any **THREE** Questions from **Part-B**
 4. Statistical tables are required
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PART - A

1. a) Find the mean value of the of the random variable whose probability density function is given by $f(x, y) = \frac{3}{5} 10^{-5} x (100 - x)$, $0 \leq x \leq 100$
- b) Find the probability of getting a total of 5 at least once in three tosses of pair of fair dice?
- c) What is the probability that the average \bar{X} will be between 75 and 78 if a random sample of size 100 taken from an infinite population has mean 76 and variance 256
- d) Write a sort note on types-I and type-II errors
- e) Prove that the arithmetic mean of the regression coefficient is greater than the correlation co-efficient
- f) Explain in brief mean chart

PART - B

2. a) Ten coins are tossed simultaneously, Find the probability of getting at least 7 heads. (8M)
- b) If a random Variable has a passion distribution such that $P(1) = P(2)$, find $P(4)$ (8M)
3. a) Suppose 2% of the people on the average are left handed. Find (8M)
 - i) the probability of finding 3 or more left handed
 - ii) the probability of finding ≤ 1 left handed
- b) Suppose the heights of American men are normally distributed with mean = 68 inches and standard deviation 2.5 inches. Find the percentage of people whose heights lie between i) 68 inches and 71 inches ii) at least 6 ft. (8M)
4. a) If x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n are random observations on a Bernoulli variable X taking the value 1 with probability θ and the value 0 with probability $(1 - \theta)$, show that $\frac{\tau(\tau-1)}{n(n-1)}$ is an unbiased estimate of θ^2 where $\tau = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i$ (8M)
- b) If x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n is a random sample from a normal population $N(\mu, 1)$ show (8M) that $t = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2$ is an unbiased estimator of $\mu^2 + 1$



5. a) 400 articles from a factory are examined and 3% are found to be defective. (8M)
Construct 95% confidence interval.
- b) A die is thrown 256 times and even digit turns up 150 times. Can we say that the die is unbiased? (8M)
6. a) Let the random variable X has the marginal density function $g(x) = 1, -\frac{1}{2} < x < \frac{1}{2}$ and let the conditional density of Y be $h\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) = 1, x < y < x + 1$
 $-\frac{1}{2} < x < 0 = 1, -x < y < 1 - x, 0 < x < \frac{1}{2}$
Show that the variables X and Y are uncorrelated (8M)
- b) If the random variable X is uniformly distributed in $(0, 1)$ and $Y = X^2$, find (8M)
i) $v = (y)$ ii) r_{xy}
7. A textile company wishes to implement a quality control programme on a certain garment with respect to the number of defects found in the final production. A garment was sampled on 33 consecutive hours of production. The number of defects found per garment is given hereunder (16M)
Defects: 5,1,7,1,0,2,3,4,0,3,2,4,3,4,4,1,4,2,1,3,4,3,11,3,7,8,5,6,1,2,4,7,3.
Compute the upper and lower 3-sigma control limits for monitoring the number of defects.

